### WORLD HISTORY SECTION II

textbooks. These labels correspond to B.C. (before Christ) and A.D. (anno Domini), which are used in some world history Note: This exam uses the chronological designations B.C.E. (before the common era) and C.E. (common era).

Part A
(Suggested writing time—40 minutes)
Percent of Section II score—33 1/3

Directions: The following question is based on the accompanying Documents 1-10. (The documents have been edited for the purpose of this exercise.) Write your answer on the lined pages of the Section II free-response booklet.

This question is designed to test your ability to work with and understand historical documents

Write an essay that:

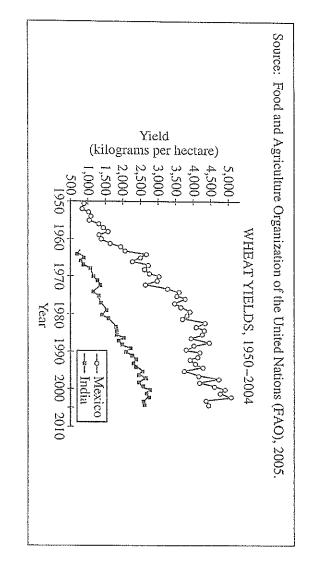
- Has a relevant thesis and supports that thesis with evidence from the documents
- Uses all of the documents.
- Analyzes the documents by grouping them in as many appropriate ways as possible. Does not simply summarize the documents individually.
- Takes into account the sources of the documents and analyzes the authors' points of view
- Identifies and explains the need for at least one additional type of document.

You may refer to relevant historical information not mentioned in the documents

Using the following documents, analyze the causes and consequences of the Green Revolution in the period from 1945 to the present. Identify and explain one additional type of document and explain how it would help your analysis of the Green Revolution.

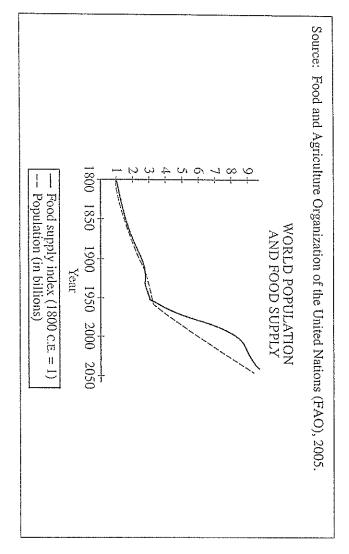
of new, scientifically bred crop varieties and intensive use of new technologies. Historical Background: The Green Revolution refers to the worldwide introduction

Document 1



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### Document 2



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### Document 3

Source: Harry Truman, United States president, inaugural address, Washington, DC

stagnant. Their poverty is a handicap and a threat both to them and to more prosperous More than half the people of the world are living in conditions approaching misery. Their food is inadequate. They are victims of disease. Their economic life is primitive and

technical knowledge in order to help them realize their aspirations for a better life. Our aim should be to help the free peoples of the world, through their own efforts, to produce more I believe that we should make available to peace-loving peoples the benefits of our store of food. The old imperialismexploitation for foreign profit—has no place in our plans.

### Document 4

Source: Dr. Norman Borlaug, United States agricultural scientist involved in Green Revolution research, Nobel Peace Prize winner, Nobel Lecture, 1970.

In the developing countries, . . . the land is tired, worn out, depleted of plant nutrients, and often eroded; crop yields have been low, near starvation level, and stagnant for centuries. cereal crops. Hunger prevails, and survival depends largely upon the annual success or failure of the

:

miracle that has generated new hope for the future. these unfortunates, who have long lived in despair, the Green Revolution seems like a companion, and starvation has all too often lucked in the nearby shadows. To millions of For the underprivileged billions in the forgotten world, hunger has been a constant

:

power of human reproduction must also be curbed; otherwise the success of the Green deprivation; it has given man a breathing space. If fully implemented, the revolution can provide sufficient food for sustenance during the next three decades. But the frightening The Green Revolution has won a temporary success in man's war against hunger and Revolution will be ephemeral only.

### Document 5

Source: Chidambaram Subramaniam, India's minister for food and agriculture (1964-1967), in his 1970 interview.

with one another to demonstrate that he was best able to utilize the new technology. technology was offered to them, they took to it like fish to water. Everybody competed had developed into a very hardy lot of enterprising people. And therefore when this new technology. If not for them, I am convinced we would not have made a success of it. They Farmers in the Punjab [a state in northwest India] were the pioneers of Green Revolution

### Document 6

United Nations official, circa 1970. Source: Mrs. Dula, wife of a Mexican agricultural official, in a conversation with a

If you fly from Tucson, Arizona, to Hermosillo, Mexico, what you are going to see is a type of agriculture that makes you rich, so rich. You will see houses like you've never seen in Mexico City, swimming pools and everything. They have such a lot of money. The they go to Tucson [to shop]. Some saving! ladies of these rich Mexican farmers like to save, so they form a club, and once a month

### Document 7

Source: Focus, FAO newsletter, circa 1987.

female-headed households. How the Green Revolution affects rural people depends on whether they are wage earners, cultivators or consumers, whether they come from landed or landless, rich or poor, male-or

categories of rural women that are different in kind and in intensity from those experienced generate major social benefits but at the same time generate significant costs for particular Studies on the impact of the Green Revolution have shown that technological change can

### It has:

- seeds, fertilizers, and pesticides, forcing women to work as agricultural laborers; increased the need for cash incomes in rural households to cover the costs of
- women's already high labor burden; increased the need for unpaid female labor for farming tasks thereby augmenting
- limited women's wage-earning opportunities through mechanization

### Document 8

environmental affairs magazine, 1991. Source: Dr. Vandana Shiva, Indian physicist, from her article in the Ecologist, an

machinery, dam builders, and large landowners. agrochemical industry, large petrochemical companies, manufacturers of agricultural impoverishment, and increased tensions and conflicts. The beneficiaries have been the deficiencies, soil contamination, reduced availability of nutritious food crops for the local population, the displacement of vast numbers of small farmers from their land, rural vulnerability to pests, soil erosion, water shortages, reduced soil fertility, micronutrient The Green Revolution has been a failure. It has led to reduced genetic diversity, increased

with diseased soils, pest-infested crops, waterlogged deserts, and indebted and discontented farmers. Instead of peace, the Punjab has inherited conflict and violence. Punjab riddled with discontent and violence. Instead of abundance, the Punjab is beset Yet, far from bringing prosperity, two decades of the Green Revolution have left the The Punjab is frequently cited as the Green Revolution's most celebrated success story

local and interstate water conflicts. large-scale storage systems, centralizing control over water supplies and leading to both input for crop yields. One result of the Green Revolution has therefore been to create conflicts over diminishing water resources. Intensive irrigation has led to the need for times of severe drought. The new seeds, however, need intensive irrigation as an essential Traditionally, irrigation was only used in the Punjab as an insurance against crop failure in

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### Document 9

Source: Human Development Report, issued by the government of the State of Punjab, India, 2004.

goods. The traditional "extended family" system was gradually replaced by the "nuclear family." in the state. The Green Revolution also brought changes in lifestyle. Aspirations increased —there was demand for better education for children, better housing, and better consumer rigidities and the emergence of the middle and rich peasants as the dominant peasantry An important social effect of the Green Revolution was the disappearance of caste

### Document 10

Source: Guatemalan National Coordinating Committee of Indigenous Peasants, a rural labor organization in Latin America, official statement, November 2006.

The diversity of native seeds is the heritage of the Maya and indigenous people at the service of all of humanity. The Maya indigenous peoples have stood firm defending Mother Earth. remember the loss of respect for our seeds, due to the imposition of the Green Revolution. these seeds, which have fed us for more than five thousand years. It saddens us to The "revolution" actually sterilized and contaminated our seeds, as well as nature and

### END OF PART A

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