## **AIM: Introduction to the Industrial Revolution**

## **Focus Questions:**

- 1. Defining "Industrial Revolution" What? Where? When?
- 2. The before and after What was production like before the Industrial Revolution? The "Domestic System" and the "Factory System" compare Labor Systems!
- 3. What was the "putting out system"? And "protoindustrialization"?
- Method of manufacturing that develops as a response to the restrictions of the "guild system" (fixed prices, priority on quality standards, discouraged competition, resistance to technological innovation)
  - Production goes out into the countryside
- Each step of textile production separated into a "division of labor" spinning, weaving, cutting, assembling, etc.
- <u>Entrepreneur</u> supplies capital (\$) for the process, supplies materials, pays workers, picks up goods, sells, makes profit

Individual capital (entrepreneurship) + Division of labor = Protoindustrialization

- 4. Why textiles?
- 5. What <u>changes in energy sources</u> occur as a result of industrialization?
- 6. How important was James Watt's **steam engine**? How does it revolutionize society?

- 7. Where do most of the <u>early factory workers</u> come from? What is "proletarianization"?
- 8. The **growth of cities** industrialization and **urbanization** What comes first, the city or the factory? Why? **Manchester** as an example
- 9. Was everyone happy with early industrialization? Who were the "Luddittes"?
- 10. What was the "Agricultural Revolution"? Why was it vital to the start of the Industrial Revolution?
  - "scientific farming"
  - crop rotation
  - technological innovation
  - Enclosure Movement definition? RESULTS?
    - connection to the Industrial Revolution?
    - PROLETARIANIZATION