AIM: WORLD WAR I – TOTAL WAR and the HOME FRONT

Use textbook pages 956-959, 966-968 and the reading "Total War" to fully answer the following questions.

Prussian General Helmuth von Moltke – "Wars would not end, or be acknowledged to end, until the whole strength of its people was broken."

1. According to your **text and the reading**, What is "Total War"? AND Why was World War I considered a "Total War"? Fully describe the different features/components!

2. According to your **text and the reading**, What domestic economic and social changes took place during the war?

3. Using your text, identify and explain how the status, roles and responsibilities of women changed during and after the war?

4.	Using your textbook, What is "propagand in the war?	da"? What purpose did it serve and what role did it play
5.	According to the reading, Why did "total	War" make the process of peace so difficult?
6.	Read textbook pages 966-968 "The Paris	Peace Conference" and complete the chart below
Main F	eatures of President Wilson's 14 Points	Conditions of the Treaty of Versailles
<u>Main F</u>	eatures of President Wilson's 14 Points	Conditions of the Treaty of Versailles (How do these conditions represent the difficulty in making peace after a "total war"?)
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